ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Doped sol-gel based microstructured layers to improve the light emission of luminescent coatings

Léa Marichez^{1,2}, Geneviève Chadeyron²*, Daniel Zambon²*, François Réveret², Audrey Potdevin², Damien Boyer², Valentin Gaté³, Isabelle Verrier¹, Emilie Gamet¹, Yves Jourlin¹

¹ Laboratoire Hubert Curien UMR CNRS 5516, Université de Lyon, 18 Rue Professeur Benoît Lauras, 42000 Saint-Étienne, France

^{2.} Université Clermont Auvergne, CNRS, Clermont Auvergne INP, ICCF, F-63000 Clermont–Ferrand, France.

³ SILSEF, 382 Rue Louis Roustin, 74160 Archamps, France.



Fig. S1: Photographs of the RB solutions in ethanol (S₀₋₄): a) in daylight; b) under UV light ($\lambda_{exc} = 365 \text{ nm}$).



Fig. S2: Variation in PL QY_{abs} as a function of excitation wavelength for the solution: a) S_0 ; b) S_1 ; c) S_3 ; d) S_4 .

a)	b)



Fig. S3: a) Variation in PL QY_{int} and b) absorbance as a function of RB concentration in ethanol for $\lambda_{exc} = 275$, 365 and 450 nm.

<u>`</u>	• `
a)	b)
<i>,</i>	<i>,</i>



Fig. S4: a) Variation in a) internal photoluminescence quantum yield PL QY_{int} and b) absorbance as a function of RB concentration in TEOS/MTEOS sols for $\lambda_{exc} = 275$, 365 and 450 nm.



Fig. S5: Emission spectra for the different solutions of RB in ethanol (S₀₋₄) ($\lambda_{exc} = 365$ nm).



Fig. S6: Gaussian-type deconvolution for S_{0T} ($\lambda_{exc} = 365$ nm)

	Contribution	$\frac{E_{max} (cm^{-1})}{\lambda_{max}}$ (nm)	Area (a.u.)	FWHM (cm ⁻¹)
S _{0T}	1	17236 cm ⁻¹ (580 nm)	7763	639 cm^{-1}
	2	15875 cm ⁻¹ (629 nm)	540394	1139 cm ⁻¹
	3	15018 cm ⁻¹ (665 nm)	244773	2069 cm ⁻¹

Tab. S1: Deconvolution of emission spectra S_{0T} ($\lambda_{exc} = 365$ nm) (FWHM: Full Width at Half Maximum).